# CLINTON COUNTY BUDGET COMMISSION MEETING

# Wednesday, February 23, 2022 REGULAR MEETING INCLUDING SCHOOLS 5 YEAR PROJECTIONS

The Clinton County Budget Commission met Wednesday, February 23, 2022 at 9:00 a.m. in the Auditor's Office. Present were Prosecutor Andrew M. McCoy, Auditor Terence G. Habermehl, Treasurer, Kyle Rudduck, Chief Deputy Auditor, Logan Bailey and Senior Real Estate Specialist, Danette L. Garringer.

The following School Treasurers met with the Budget Commission to present their 5 year forecasts.

9:00 a.m.

Blanchester Local School District. Treasurer Megan Thompson.

9:30 a.m.

Clinton-Massie Local School District. Treasurer Carrie Bir.

10:00 a.m. 9:30 a.m.

East-Clinton Local School District. Treasurer John Stanley. Wilmington City School District. Treasurer Kim DeWeese and

VV 11111

Companies and Minds McControl

Superintendent, Mindy McCarty

See attached documentation for items submitted by Treasurers.

Action was taken to approve meeting minutes from January 19, 2022 and February 9, 2022 with a motion from Terry and a second from Kyle. All in favor, motion carried.

The Following amended certificates were presented to the Board for approval with a motion to approve from Terry and a second from Kyle. All in favor, motion carried.

#### **AC#2 Richland Township**

#### Changes made to AC#1

Fund	Fund Name	Reason	Amount	
2273	American Rescue Plan	Act Add Fund-Applied for ARPA Grant-Approved	100,561.02	
		Total Changes to AC#1	100,561.02	

### **AC#3 Village of Midland**

# Changes made to AC#2

Fund	nd Fund Name		Reason	Amount 32,263.00	
2151 Coronavirus Relief Fund		Relief Fund	Adding Fund-Approved to receive revenue		
mga ora i din	a Property The		Total Changes to AC#2	32,263.00	

# **AC#2 Clinton County Park District**

#### Changes made to AC#1

Fund	Fund Name	Reason	Amount	
8400	General Fund	General Fund Increase Other Sources-Commissioner Allocation		
		Total Changes to AC#1	5,000.00	

<sup>\*</sup>Correction from AC#1: Other Sources should have been 200.00, but was 13,371

#### **AC#3 Clinton County**

#### Changes made to AC#2

Fund	Fund Name	Reason	Amount
2221	PROS OH AG'S SVAA FEDERAL GRANT	Increase Other Sources-Rem Grant Rec SVA22	23,868.00
2222	PROS OH AG'S VOCA FEDERAL GRANT	Increase Other Sources-Rem Grant & Loc Match Received VOC22	18,526.61
2338	JUV CT HEALTH FIRST GRANT	Increase Other Sources-New Grant	6,015.00
2600	CDBG CV CARES - TARGET OF OPPORTUNITY	Increase Other Sources-New Grant Award B-D-21-1AN-1	480,000.00
2603	COMM DEV SMALL CITY BLK HOME	Increase Other Sources-New Grant Award B-D-21-1AN-1	184,000.00
3052	FY21-FY31 WATER & SEWER CP	Increase Other Sources-Tran From Gen Fund	5,000,000.00
		Total Changes to AC#2	5,712,409.61

# **AC#3 Clinton County Health Department**

Changes made to AC#2

Fund	Fund Name	Reason	Amount
8020	CDC CRISIS RESPONSE WORKFORCE	Increase Other Sources-Adv from Gen Health #8001	50,000.00
		Total Changes to AC#2	50,000.00

The Following amended certificates #1's were presented to the Board for approval with a motion to approve from Terry and a second from Kyle. All in favor, motion carried.

# Wayne Township AC#1

AMENDED CERTIFICATE OF ESTIMATED RESOURCES

Office of Budget Commission, Clinton

County, Ohio.

February 23, 2022

To the TAXING AUTHORITY of the Wayne Township

Wilmington, Ohio,

Fund	Unencumbered Balance 1/1/2022	Levied Property Taxes	Other Sources	Total
General Fund	127,194.71	29,948.00	20,794.73	177,937.44
Special Revenue Funds	368,462.71	42,576.00	148,000.00	559,038.71
Debt Service Funds				
Capital Projects Funds	481.00		3.00	481.00
Special Assessment Funds	3-7			
Enterprise Funds			-	
Internal Service Funds				
Fiduciary Funds	-	•	11 17 E	•
TOTAL	496,138.42	72,524.00	168,794.73	737,457.15

Actual Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balances

Rev.	Code	Sec.	5705.36
-			

		List Funds Separa	tely		
	FUND	Unencumbered Balance 1/1/2022	Levied Property Taxes	Other Sources	Total
1000	General Fund	127,194.71	29,948.00	20,794.73	177,937.44
3.7	Special Revenue Funds				- 12 - 12 - 12 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13
2011	Motor Vehicle	56,106.05	Local Co.	14,000.00	70,106.05
2021	Gasoline	154,852.73		130,000.00	284,852.73
2031	Road and Bridge	23,392,82	23,037.00		46,429.82
2041	Cemetery	96,348.35	19,539.00	4,000.00	119,887.35
2272	Coronavirus Relief Fund	37,762.78	3-10-12-22		37,762.76
	Total Special Revenue Funds	368,462.71	42,576.00	148,000.00	559,038.71
-	Debt Service Funds				Sec. 1
	Total Debt Service Funds	•			<u>.</u>
	Capital Projects funds				
	Issue 2	481.00	-		481.00
	Total Capital Projects Funds	481.00		-	481.00

# Clinton Warren Joint Fire & Rescue AC#1

#1 AMENDED CERTIFICATE OF ESTIMATED RESOURCES

Office of Budget Commission, Clinton

Wilmington, Ohio. February 23, 2022

To the TAXING AUTHORITY of the Clinton-Warren Joint Fire & Rescue District

The following is the amended official certificate of estimated resources for the fiscal year beginning January 1st, 2022, as revised by the Budget Commission of said County, which shall govern the total of appropriations made at any time during such fiscal year:

Fund	Unencumbered Balance 1/1/2022	Taxes	Other Sources	Total
General Fund	475,745,56	809,731.00	30,100.00	1,315,576,58
Special Revenue Funds	72,674.40		327,500.00	400,174,40
Debt Service Funds		The we	2-17-18-12-1	
Capital Projects Funds				
Special Assessment Funds				
Enterprise Funds		1 100 Le 2 1		
Internal Service Funds	1 4 7 1 2	74. S. 14.		
Fiduciary Funds				
TOTAL	548,419,96	809,731.00	357,600,00	1,715,750.96

Actual Unencumbered Cash Balances

Rev. Code Sec. 5705.36

	FUND	Unencumbered Balance 1/1/2022	Taxes	Other Sources	Total
1000	General Fund	475,745.56	809,731.00	30,100.00	1,315,576.56
	Special Revenue Funds				
2111	Fire & EMS Services	68.290.11		320,000.00	388,290.11
2112	FEMA				
2113	Training Tower Fund	4,384,29	*	7,500.00	11,884 29
	Total Special Revenue Funds	72,674.40		327,500.00	400,174.40

**Green Township AC#1** 

AMENDED CERTIFICATE OF ESTIMATED RESOURCES
Rev Code Sec. 3702.36

To the TAXING AUTHORITY of the Green Township

Wilmington, Ohio, February 23, 2022

The following is the amended official certificate of estimated resources for the fiscal year beginning January 1st, 2022, as revised by the Budget Commission of said County, which shall govern the total of appropriations made at any time during such fiscal year:

Fund	Unencumbered Balance 1/1/2022	Levied Property Taxes	Other Sources	Total
General Fund	100,310.27	30,000.00	25,000.00	155,310.27
Special Revenue Funds	845,517.16	75,000.00	227,000.00	947,517.16
Debt Service Funds			100000	a commence
Capital Projects Funds		× 2 1 2 1		THE PROPERTY
Special Assessment Funds		1000	67,000.00	67,000.00
Enterprise Funds	. 3 Ly Vice 2 707			
Internal Service Funds			in a romani	
Fiduciary Funds	and the second	- 140.4		
TOTAL	745,827,43	105.000.00	319.000.00	1,169,827.43

Actual Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balances

Rev.	Code	Sec.	5705,36

		List Funds Separat	ely		
	FUND	Unencumbered Balance 1/1/2022	Levied Property Taxes	Other Sources	Total
1000	General Fund	100,310.27	30,000.00	25,000.00	155,310.27
	Special Revenue Funds				
2011	Motor Vehicle License Tax	9.058.91		80,000,00	89.058.91
2021	Gas Tax	277,133.90		125.000.00	402,133.90
2031	Road and Bridge	338.086.91	75,000.00	12,000.00	425,086.91
2041	Cemetery	21,237.44	7.0	10,000.00	31,237.44
	Total Special Revenue Funds	645,517.16	75,000.00	227,000.00	947,517.16
	Debt Service Funds				
	Total Debt Service Funds		-		•
	Capital Projects funds				
	O.P.W.C.		1		, 14.0¥1.
	Total Capital Projects Funds		-		
	Special Assessment Funds			67,000.00	67,000.00
	Total Special Assessment Fun			67,000.00	67,000.00

The following Budget Amendments were submitted to the Board with a motion to approve from Terry and a second from Kyle. All in favor, motion carried.

 Health Department
 FY2022

 Additional Personnel
 Fund 8016

 PHEP
 6,500.00

 PHEP
 3,400.00

 PHEP
 170.67

10,070.67

Motion: Terry  $2^{nd}$ : Kyle all in favor

<u>Health Department</u> FY2022

**Short Term Advance from** 

8018 PHEP (24,000.00)

To General Health

8001 Gen Health 24,000.00

Motion: Terry 2<sup>nd</sup>: Kyle all in favor

Health Department FY2022

\*\*Pending Health Board Approval

Short Term Advance from

8001 General 50,000.00

To Worforce Devel.

8020 workforce dev. 50,000.00

Motion: Terry 2 nd : Kyle all in favor

Clinton-Massie Local School District

# Monthly Financial Report

Fiscal Year 2022 Revenue and Expenditure Activity Through January

Carrie Bir, Treasurer

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#### FISCAL YEAR 2022 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS THROUGH JANUARY

#### 1. ACTUAL COMPARED TO FORECAST VARIANCE AND NET FAVORABILITY ANALYSIS

CURRENT YEAR-TO-DATE
REVENUE COLLECTIONS
INDICATE A

\$551,787

FAVORABLE COMPARED TO FORECAST

CURRENT YEAR-TO-DATE
EXPENDITURES INDICATE A

\$50,172

FAVORABLE COMPARED TO FORECAST

POTENTIAL NET IMPACT
WOULD RESULT IN A

\$601,959

FAVORABLE IMPACT ON THE CASH BALANCE

#### 2. VARIANCE AND CASH BALANCE COMPARISON



CURRENT MONTHLY CASH FLOW ESTIMATES A JUNE 30, 2022 CASH BALANCE OF

\$4,185,766

Current monthly cash flow estimates, including actual data through January indicate that the June 30, 2022 cash balance will be \$4,185,766, which is \$601,959 more than the five year forecast of \$3,583,807.

June 30 ESTIMATED CASH
BALANCE IS
\$601,959
MORE THAN THE
FORECAST/BUDGET AMOUNT

# 3. FISCAL YEAR 2022 REVENUE SHORTFALL/SURPLUS ANALYSIS (BASED UPON ACTUAL/ESTIMATED VARIANCE)

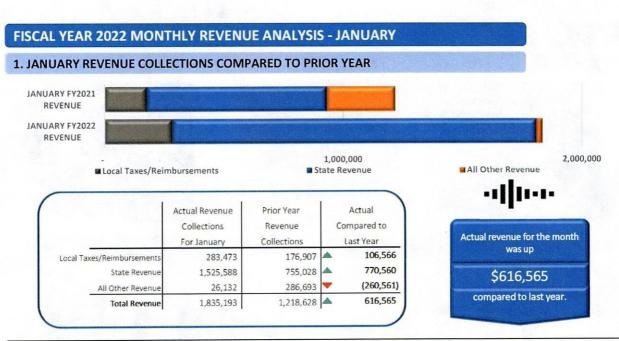


**OPERATING SURPLUS OF** 

\$991,742

WILL INCREASE THE CASH BALANCE BY THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR nox producted

Current cash flow monthly trend-estimates indicate this year's ending June 30 cash balance will INCREASE \$991,742 compared to last fiscal year ending June 30. This surplus outcome is the result of the cash flow revenue estimate of \$18,918,997 totaling more than estimated cash flow expenditures of \$17,927,255.



Overall total revenue for January is up 50.6% (\$616,565). The largest change in this January's revenue collected compared to January of FY2021 is higher unrestricted grants in aid (\$485,227) and higher restricted aid state (\$285,332). A single month's results can be skewed compared to a prior year because of the timing of revenue received. The fiscal year-to-date results, when involving additional months of revenue activity can provide more insight.

#### 2. ACTUAL REVENUE RECEIVED THROUGH JANUARY COMPARED TO THE PRIOR YEAR



	Actual Revenue Collections	Prior Year Revenue Collections	Compared to		
	For July - January	For July - January	-	Last Year	
Local Taxes/Reimbursements	4,088,515	3,330,889	<b>A</b>	757,626	
State Revenue	6,112,502	5,031,098		1,081,404	
All Other Revenue	387,445	1,149,291	•	(761,846)	
Total Revenue	10,588,462	9,511,278	<b>A</b>	1,077,184	

\$1,077,184
HIGHER THAN THE PREVIOUS YEAR

Fiscal year-to-date General Fund revenue collected totaled \$10,588,462 through January, which is \$1,077,184 or 11.3% higher than the amount collected last year. The largest difference in revenue when comparing current year-to-date revenue collected through January to the same period last year is unrestricted grants in aid revenue coming in \$796,072 higher compared to the previous year, followed by tuition and patron payments coming in -\$643,059 lower.

### FISCAL YEAR 2022 REVENUE ANALYSIS - JULY - JANUARY

#### 3. POSSIBLE CASH FLOW VARIANCE FROM FORECAST DUE TO FYTD ACTUAL RESULTS

CURRENT YEAR-TO-DATE REVENUE COLLECTIONS INDICATE A

\$551,787

**FAVORABLE COMPARED TO FORECAST** 

	Forecast Annual Revenue Estimates	Cash Flow Actual/Estimated Calculated Annual Amount	Current Year Forecast Compared to Actual/Estimated
Loc. Taxes/Reimbur.	8,246,208	8,175,049	(71,159
State Revenue	9,410,896	10,108,320	697,424
All Other Revenue	710,106	635,629	(74,477)
Total Revenue	18,367,210	18,918,997	551,787

The top two categories (unrestricted grants in aid and local taxes), represents 59.% of the variance between current revenue estimates and the amounts projected in the five year forecast.

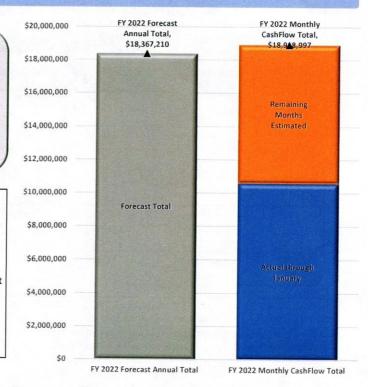
The total variance of \$551,787 (current revenue estimates vs. amounts projected in the five year forecast) is equal to 3.% forecast annual revenue

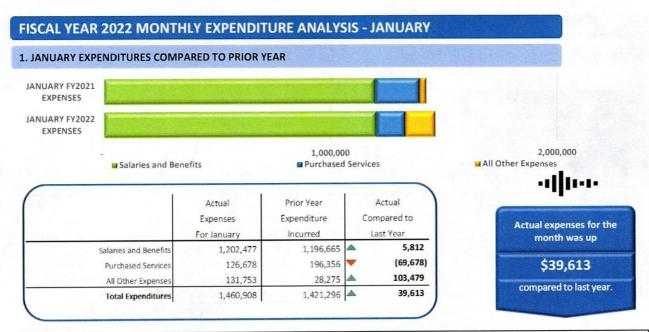
Variance Based on Actual/Estimated Annual Amount	Expected Over/(Under) Forecast	
Unrestricted Grants In Aid 📤	524,634	
Local Taxes 🔻	(199,041)	
Restricted Aid State 📤	172,789	
tead and Rollback and other state reimbursements 🛆	99,071	
All Other Revenue Categories ▼	(45,666)	
Total Revenue ▲	551,788	

#### 4. REVENUE VARIANCE ANALYSIS OF POTENTIAL IMPACT

Results through January indicate a favorable variance of \$551,787 compared to the forecast total annual revenue. This means the forecast cash balance could be improved.

The fiscal year is 58% complete. Monthly cash flow, comprised of 7 actual months plus 5 estimated months indicates revenue totaling \$18,918,997 which is \$551,787 more than total revenue projected in the district's current forecast of \$18,367,210





Overall total expenses for January are up 2.8% (\$39,613). The largest change in this January's expenses compared to January of FY2021 is higher equipment (\$80,132), lower tuition and similar payments (-\$63,484) and lower certified compensated absences (-\$38,767). A single month's results can be skewed compared to a prior year because of the timing when expenses are incurred. The fiscal year-to-date results, when involving additional months of expense activity can provide more insight.

### 2. ACTUAL EXPENSES INCURRED THROUGH JANUARY COMPARED TO THE PRIOR YEAR



	Actual Expenses For July - January	Prior Year Expenditures Incurred	Actual Compared to Last Year	
Salaries and Benefits	8,306,101	7,940,817	<b>A</b>	365,284
Purchased Services	1,193,286	1,567,788	<b>V</b>	(374,502)
All Other Expenses	953,320	941,782	<b>A</b>	11,538
Total Expenditures	10,452,707	10,450,387	_	2,319

\$2,319
higher than the previous year

Fiscal year-to-date General Fund expenses totaled \$10,452,707 through January, which is \$2,319 or .% higher than the amount expended last year. The largest difference in expenditures when comparing current year-to-date expenditures through January to the same period last year is that tuition and similar payments costs are -\$424,432 lower compared to the previous year, followed by regular certified salaries coming in \$394,023 higher and certified compensated absences coming in -\$202,344 lower.

#### FISCAL YEAR 2022 EXPENDITURE ANALYSIS - JULY - JANUARY

#### 3. POSSIBLE CASH FLOW VARIANCE FROM FORECAST DUE TO FYTD ACTUAL RESULTS

CURRENT YEAR-TO-DATE
EXPENDITURES INDICATE A

\$50,172

FAVORABLE COMPARED TO FORECAST

	Forecasted Annual Expenses	Cash Flow Actual/Estimated Calculated Annual Amount		Forecasted amount compared to Actual/Estimated
Salaries and Benefits	14,588,695	14,547,291	-	(41,404)
Purchased Services	2,042,055	1,996,655	-	(45,400)
All Other Expenses	1,346,677	1,383,310	<b>A</b>	36,633
Total Expenditures	17,977,427	17,927,255	-	(50,172

The top two categories (tuition and similar payments and certified compensated absences), represents 908.% of the variance between current expense estimates and the amounts projected in the five year forecast.

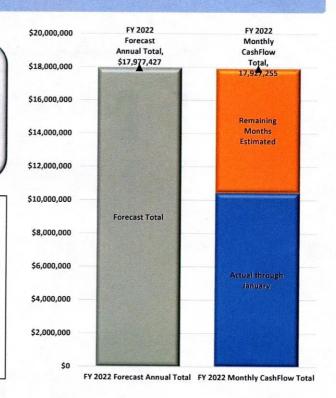
The total variance of \$50,172 (current expense estimates vs. amounts projected in the five year forecast) is equal to .3% of the total Forecasted annual expenses.

Variance	Expected		
Based on	Over/(Under)		
Actual/Estimated Annual Amount	Forecast		
Tuition and Similar Payments 🔻	(243,759		
Certified Compensated Absences	(211,813		
Regular Certified Salaries 📤	171,538		
Non - utility Property Services 📤	155,767		
All Other Expense Categories 📤	78,096		
Total Expenses V	(50,172)		

### 4. EXPENDITURE VARIANCE ANALYSIS OF POTENTIAL IMPACT

Results through January indicate that Fiscal Year 2022 actual/estimated expenditures could total \$17,927,255 which has a favorable expenditure variance of \$50,172. This means the forecast cash balance could be improved.

The fiscal year is approximately 58% complete. Monthly cash flow, comprised of 7 actual months plus 5 estimated months indicates expenditures totaling \$17,927,255 which is -\$50,172 less than total expenditures projected in the district's current forecast of \$17,977,427



Comparison of Current Forecast Amount to Updated FYTD Actual + FY Estimated Remaining FYTD Thi JANUARY

#### Five Year Forecast Comparison to Actual Cash Flow

	Difference	Proj. from Current Syear Forecast	Proj. from Actual/Est. Cash Flow	FYTD Actual Through Month Of:	Estimated for Remaining Months
Revenue:		2022	2022	Through January	
1.010 - General Property Tax (Real Estate)	(233,652)		5.272.362	2,393,746	2,878,616
1.020 - Public Utility Personal Property	(51)		642,694	301.595	341.098
1.030 - Income Tax	63,473	1,242,144	1,305,617	996,002	309,615
1.035 - Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	524,634	8,982,480	9.507.114	5,807,036	3,700,078
1.040 - 1.045 - Restricted Grants-in-Aid	172,789	428,416	601.205	305,465	295,740
1.040 1.045 Restricted Grants III vid	2,2,700				
1,050 - Property Tax Allocation	99.071	855,305	954.376	397.172	557,204
1.060 - All Other Operating Revenues	(65,358)	622,417	557.059	325,431	231,628
1.070 - Total Revenue	560,906	18,279,521	18,840,427	10.526.448	8.313.979
1.070 Folds Neverlac					
Other Financing Sources:					
2.070 - Total Other Financing Sources	(9,119)	87,689	78,570	62,014	16,556
2.080 - Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	551,787	18,367,210	18,918,997	10,588,462	8,330,535
2.000 Total Nevertaes and outer Financing seasons					
Expenditures:					
3.010 - Personnel Services	(117,259)	9,834,181	9,716,922	5,513,801	4,203,121
3.020 - Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits	75,855	4,754,514	4,830,369	2,792,300	2,038,069
3.030 - Purchased Services	(45,400)	2,042,055	1,996,655	1,193,286	803,369
3.040 - Supplies and Materials	51,188	437,864	489,052	324,980	164,072
3.050 - Capital Outlay	24,532	485,136	509,668	357,319	152,350
3.060 - 4.060 - Intergovernmental, Debt & Interest	(15,551)	96,231	80,680	- 25	
				400000000000000000000000000000000000000	
4.300 - Other Objects	(23,537)		203,909	127,801	76,108
4.500 - Total Expenditures	(50,172)	17,877,427	17,827,255	10,309,487	7,437,088
Other Financing Uses:					
5.040 - Total Other Financing Uses		100,000	100,000	100,000	-
5.050 - Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(50,172)	17,977,427	17,927,255	10,409,487	7,437,088
Excess of Rev & Other Financing Uses Over (Under)		200 7-1	001 710	178.975	902 447
6.010 - Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	601,959	389,783	991,742	1/8,9/5	893,447
7.010 - Cash Balance July 1		3,194,024	3,194,024		
7.020 - Cash Balance June 30	601,959	3,583,807	4.185.766		

#### Projected Differences from Syear Forecast Actuals/Estimates as compared to Cash Flow Actual/Estimates



# EAST CLINTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT - CLINTON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019, 2020 and 2021 ACTUAL FORECASTED FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2026



Forecast Provided By
East Clinton Local School District
Treasurer's Office
John Stanley, Treasurer/CFO

November 23, 2021

# **East Clinton Local School District**

Clinton County
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019, 2020 and 2021 Actual;
Forecasted Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2022 Through 2026

			Actual				F	orecaste	1	
		Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2021	Average Change	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2024	Fiscal Year 2025	Fiscal Year 2026
	Revenues									
1.010	General Property Tax (Real Estate) Public Utility Personal Property Tax	\$3,109,137 184,872	\$3,136,954 198,621	\$3,166,842 204,610	0.9% 5.2%	\$3,197,878 220,058	\$3,231,577 253,234	\$3,254,882 282,734	\$3,274,022 312,234	\$3,286,041 341,734
1.030	Income Tax	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
1.035	Unrestricted State Grants-in-Aid	8,726,200	8,518,669	8,652,463	-0.4%	9,071,409	9,086,660	9,088,585	9,090,552	9,092,576
1.040 1.045	Restricted State Grants-in-Aid Restricted Federal Grants-in-Aid	220,061	219,987	219,986	0.0%	219,986	219,986	219,986 0	219,986	219,986
1.050	Property Tax Allocation	452,798	457,012	424,393	-3.1%	465,832	467,214	470,183	473,134	474,702
1.060 1.070	All Other Revenues Total Revenues	1,240,151 \$13,933,219	1,314,750 \$13,845,993	1,346,300 \$14,014,594	4.2% 0.3%	559,291 \$13,734,454	559,291 \$13,817,962	559,291 \$13,875,661	559,291 \$13,929,219	559,291 \$13,974,330
	Other Financing Sources									
2.010	Proceeds from Sale of Notes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
2.020	State Emergency Loans Operating Transfers-In	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
2.050	Advances-In	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
2.060	All Other Financing Sources	121,979	110,509	172,289	23.3%	75,789	178,689	75,789	75,789	75,789
2.070	Total Other Financing Sources Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$121,979 \$14,055,198	\$110,509 \$13,956,502	\$172,289 \$14,186,883	23.3% 0.5%	\$75,789 \$13,810,243	\$178,689 \$13,996,651	\$75,789 \$13,951,450	\$75,789 \$14,005,008	\$75,789 \$14,050,119
	Expenditures									
3.010	Personal Services	\$7,873,781	\$7,730,185	\$5,673,767	-14.2%	\$7,880,170	\$8,139,372	\$8,442,431	\$8,905,997	\$9,234,047
3.020	Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits	2,881,462	2,956,673	2,488,903	-6.6%	2,949,113	3,103,604	3,274,082	3,480,758	3,672,598
3.030	Purchased Services Supplies and Materials	2,603,841 447,611	2,719,983 364,048	2,941,021 267,801	6.3% -22.6%	1,791,878 278,514	1,797,207 289,654	1,802,696 301,241	1,808,350 313,290	1,814,174 325,822
3.050	Capital Outlay	94,411	48,743	10,046	-63.9%	157,046	10,046	10,046	10,046	10,046
3.060	Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
4.010	Debt Service:	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
4.010 4.020	Principal-All (Historical Only) Principal-Notes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
4.030	Principal-State Loans	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	. 0
4.040	Principal-State Advancements	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	. 0	0
4.050 4.055	Principal-HB 264 Loans	40,000	40,000	40,000	0.0%	40,000	40,000	45,000 0	45,000 0	0
4.060	Principal-Other Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,510	2,990	2,470	-16.1%	1,950	1,430	878	293	ő
4.300	Other Objects	208,405	192,738	173,114	-8.8%	174,040	174,975	175,919	176,873	177,836
4.500	Total Expenditures	\$14,153,021	\$14,055,360	\$11,597,122	-9.1%	\$13,272,711	\$13,556,288	\$14,052,293	\$14,740,607	\$15,234,523
5.040	Other Financing Uses	050 007	600.045	60 004 640	000.00/	een 000	600,000	600,000	200,000	800,000
5.010 5.020	Operating Transfers-Out Advances-Out	\$58,627 0	\$82,215 0	\$2,801,642	999.0%	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
5.030	All Other Financing Uses	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	Ö
5.040 5.050	Total Other Financing Uses Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$58,627 \$14,211,648	\$82,215 \$14,137,575	\$2,801,642 \$14,398,764	1674.0% 0.7%	\$60,000 \$13,332,711	\$60,000 \$13,616,288	\$60,000 \$14,112,293	\$60,000 \$14,800,607	\$60,000 \$15,294,523
3.030	Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$14,211,040	\$14,107,073	\$14,000,104	0.776	\$10,002,111	010,010,200	014,112,233	\$14,000,007	\$10,234,025
6.010	over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(\$156,450)	(\$181,073)	(\$211,881)	16.4%	\$477,532	\$380,363	(\$160,843)	(\$795,599)	(\$1,244,404)
7.010	Cash Balance July 1 - Excluding Proposed Renewal/Replacement and New Levies	\$7.958,065	\$7,801,615	\$7,620,542	-2.1%	\$7,408,661	\$7,886,193	\$8,266,556	\$8,105,713	\$7,310,114
				\$7,408,661	-2.6%	\$7,886,193	\$8,266,556	\$8,105,713	\$7,310,114	\$6,065,710
7.020	Cash Balance June 30	\$7,801,615	\$7,620,542							
8.010	Estimated Encumbrances June 30	\$120,512	\$85,680	\$0	-64.5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
9.010	Reservation of Fund Balance Textbooks and Instructional Materials	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
9.020	Capital Improvements	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
9.030	Budget Reserve	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
9.040	DPIA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
9.045 9.050	Fiscal Stabilization Debt Service	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
9.060	Property Tax Advances	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
9.070	Bus Purchases	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
9.080	Subtotal Reservations of fund Balance Fund Balance June 30 for Certification of	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10.010	Appropriations	\$7.681,103	\$7,534,862	\$7,408,661	-1.8%	\$7,886,193	\$8,266,556	\$8,105,713	\$7,310,114	\$6.065,710
	Revenue from Replacement/Renewal Levies									
11.010	Income Tax - Renewal	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
11.020	Property Tax - Renewal or Replacement	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
11.300	Cumulative Balance of Renewal Levies	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
12.010	Fund Balance June 30 for Certification of Contracts, Salary Schedules and Other Obligations	\$7,681,103	\$7,534,862	\$7,408,661	-1.8%	\$7,886,193	\$8,266,556	\$8,105,713	\$7,310,114	\$6,065,710
	Revenue from New Levies									
13.010	Income Tax - New	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
13.020	Property Tax - New	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	0
13.030	Cumulative Balance of New Levies	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
14.010	Revenue from Future State Advancements				0.0%					
15.010	Unreserved Fund Balance June 30	\$7,681,103	\$7,534,862	\$7,408,661	-1.8%	\$7,886,193	\$8,266,556	\$8,105,713	\$7,310,114	\$6,065,710

### **East Clinton Local School District**

Clinton County

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019, 2020 and 2021 Actual;
Forecasted Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2022 Through 2026

		-	Actual					orecaste		
		Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2021	Average Change	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2024	Fiscal Year 2025	Fiscal Ye 2026
	Revenues									
1.010	Congrel Droperty Tay (Deal Estate)	\$3,109,137	\$3,136,954	\$3,166,842	0.9%	\$3,197,878	\$3,231,577	\$3,254,882	\$3,274,022	\$3,286,0
.020	Public Utility Personal Property Tax	184,872	198.621	204,610	5.2%	220,058	253,234	282,734	312,234	341,7
1.030	Income Tax	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
1.035	Unrestricted State Grants-in-Aid	8,726,200	8,518.669	8,652,463	-0.4%	9.071,409	9,086.660	9.088,585	9,090,552	9.092,5
.040	Restricted State Grants-in-Aid	220,061	219,987	219.986	0.0%	219,986	219,986	219,986	219,986	219,9
1.045	Restricted Federal Grants-in-Aid	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
1.050	Property Tax Allocation	452,798	457,012	424,393	-3.1%	465.832	467,214	470,183	473,134	474.70
0.060	All Other Revenues	1,240,151	1,314,750 \$13,845,993	1,346,300 \$14,014,594	4.2%	559,291	559.291	559,291	559.291 \$13.929.219	559,2
.070	Public Utility Personal Property Tax Income Tax Unrestricted State Grants-in-Aid Restricted State Grants-in-Aid Restricted Federal Grants-in-Aid Property Tax Allocation All Other Revenues Total Revenues	\$13,933,219	\$13,040,993	\$14,014,594	0.3%	\$13,734,454	\$13,817,962	\$13,875,661	\$13,929,219	\$13.974,3
	Other Financing Sources	200								
2.010	Proceeds from Sale of Notes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
.020	State Emergency Loans	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
.040	Operating Transfers-In	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	. 0	
.050	Advances-in	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
.060	All Other Financing Sources	121,979	110,509	172.289	23.3%	75,789	178,689	75,789	75.789	75,7
.070	Total Other Financing Sources	\$121.979	\$110,509	\$172,289	23.3%	\$75.789	\$178,689	\$75,789	\$75,789	\$75.7
080	Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$14,055,198	\$13,956,502	\$14,186,883	0.5%	\$13,810.243	\$13,996,651	\$13,951,450	\$14.005,008	\$14,050.1
	Expenditures	5 * S 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		100						
010	Personal Services	\$7.873,781	\$7,730,185	\$5.673.767	-14.2%	\$7.880,170	\$8,139,372	\$8,442,431	\$8,905,997	- \$9.234,0
020	Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits	2,881,462	2,956,673	2,488,903	-6.6%	2,949,113	3,103,604	3,274,082	3.480,758	3,672,5
030	Purchased Services	2,603.841	2,719,983	2,941,021	6.3%	1,791,878	1,797,207	1,802,696	1.808,350	1.814,1
040	Supplies and Materials	447,611	364,048	267,801	-22.6%	278.514	289,654	301,241	313,290	325.8
050	Capital Outlay	94,411	48,743	10,046	-63.9%	157,046	10.046	10,046	10,046	10,0
060	Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
	Debt Service:				0.0%					
010	Principal-All (Historical Only)	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
020	Principal-Notes	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
030	Principal-State Loans	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
040	Principal-State Advancements	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
050	Principal-HB 264 Loans	40,000	40,000	40,000	0.0%	40.000	40,000	45.000	45,000	
055	Principal-Other	3.510	2.990	2,470	-16.1%	1,950	1,430	0 878	293	
300	Interest and Fiscal Charges Other Objects	208,405	192,738	173,114	-8.8%	174,040	174,975	175,919	176,873	177,8
500	Total Expenditures	\$14.153,021	\$14,055,360	\$11,597,122	-9.1%	\$13.272,711	\$13,556,288	\$14,052,293	\$14,740,607	\$15.234.5
		19/ 187 11015			Year				- Contraction	
	Other Financing Uses	W. Carlotte			13					
010	Operating Transfers-Out	\$58,627	\$82,215	\$2,801,642	999.0%	\$60.000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,0
020	Advances-Out	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
030	All Other Financing Uses	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	- 0	
040	Total Other Financing Uses	\$58,627	\$82,215	\$2,801,642	1674.0%	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,0
050	Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$14,211,648	\$14,137,575	\$14,398,764	0.7%	\$13.332,711	\$13,616,288	\$14,112,293	\$14,800,607	\$15,294,5
	Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources									
010	over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(\$156,450)	(\$181,073)	(\$211,881)	16.4%	\$477,532	\$380,363	(\$160,843)	(\$795,599)	(\$1,244,4
								(4.5)/		(4.1/4.7)
	Cash Balance July 1 - Excluding Proposed									
010	Renewal/Replacement and New Levies	\$7,958,065	\$7,801,615	\$7,620,542	-2.1%	\$7,408,661	\$7,886,193	\$8,266,556	\$8,105,713	\$7,310,1
020	Cash Balance June 30	\$7,801,615	\$7,620,542	\$7,408,661	-2.6%	\$7,886.193	CO OCC EEC	\$8.105,713	\$7,310,114	CC OCE :
120	Cash Balance Julie 30	37,001,013	\$1,020,042	\$7,400,001	-2.070	\$1,000.193	\$8,266,556	30,103,713	\$7,310,114	\$6,065.7
010	Estimated Encumbrances June 30	\$120,512	\$85,680	\$0	-64.5%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
010	Reservation of Fund Balance			1170	0.00				2	
20	Textbooks and Instructional Materials Capital Improvements	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
30	Budget Reserve	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
40	DPIA	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
45	Fiscal Stabilization	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
050	Debt Service	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
060	Property Tax Advances	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
070	Bus Purchases	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
080	Subtotal Reservations of fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
	Fund Balance June 30 for Certification of									
J10	Appropriations	\$7,681,103	\$7,534,862	\$7,408,661	-1.8%	\$7,886,193	\$8,266,556	\$8,105,713	\$7,310,114	\$6,065.7
	Revenue from Replacement/Renewal Levies			24 A 42	164					
010	Income Tax - Renewal	. 0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
020	Property Tax - Renewal or Replacement	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
300	Cumulative Balance of Renewal Levies	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	55 A
	Fund Polongo June 20 for Codiffeet and Cod									
010	Fund Balance June 30 for Certification of Contracts, Salary Schedules and Other Obligations	\$7,681,103	\$7.534,862	\$7,408,661	-1.8%	\$7,886,193	\$8.266,556	\$8,105.713	\$7.310.114	\$6,065.7
	, sugarora	41,001,100	U1.004.002	01,400,001	1.076	V1,000,133	40.200,000	00,100,713	97,010,114	90,003,7
	Revenue from New Levies	100								
010	Income Tax - New	0	0	- 0	0.0%	0	0	0	. 0	
320	Property Tax - New	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0	0	0	
120	Compilative Delance of No.								215.2	
030	Cumulative Balance of New Levies	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
010	Revenue from Future State Advancements				0.0%					
					0.0%					
					1000	\$7.886,193			Annual Control of the Local Control	

To parces

hoping we are leveling out all. pandemic

Blog Project

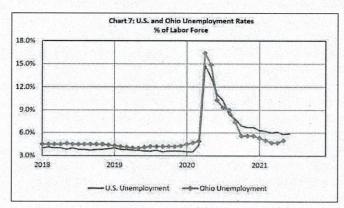
# East Clinton Local School District – Clinton County Notes to the Five Year Forecast General Fund Only November 23, 2021

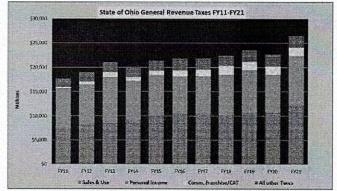
#### Introduction to the Five Year Forecast

School districts are required to file a five (5) year financial forecast by November 30, 2021, and May 31, 2022 for fiscal year 2022 (July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022). The five-year forecast includes three years of actual and five years of projected general fund revenues and expenditures. Fiscal year 2022 (July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022) is the first year of the five-year forecast and is considered the baseline year. Our forecast is being updated to reflect the most current economic data available to us for the November 2021 filing.

#### **Economic Outlook**

This five-year forecast is being filed during the ongoing global health and financial recovery from the COVID-19 Pandemic which began in early 2020. The effects of the pandemic continue to impact our state, country and our globalized economy. Our school district plays a vital role in the recovery in our community and we have maintained continuity of services to our students and staff. As noted in the graphs below, the State of Ohio's economy has steadily recovered over the past year thus the full restoration of the original school foundation funding cuts from May 2020 are being restored to school districts beginning July 1, 2021. While increased inflation impacting district costs are expected to continue over the next few years, the economy is also expected to continue to grow as the recovery from the pandemic continues.





Source: Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Source: Ohio Office of Budget and Management

As a result from the financial stresses that responding to the pandemic placed on school district budgets, all school districts are being aided by three (3) rounds of federal Elementary and Secondary Schools Emergency Relief Funds (ESSER) which began being disbursed in fiscal year 2020 and can be extended into fiscal year 2025 for ESSER III expenses. The ESSER funds and restored state budget cuts will assist our district in providing vital services to our students.

Data and assumptions noted in this forecast are based on the best and most reliable data available to us as of the date of this forecast.

#### Forecast Risks and Uncertainty:

A five year financial forecast has risks and uncertainty not only due to economic uncertainties noted above but also due to state legislative changes that will occur in the spring of 2023 and 2025 due to deliberation of the next two (2) state biennium budgets for FY24-25 and FY26-27, both of which affect this five year forecast. We have estimated revenues and expenses based on the best data available to us and the laws in effect at this time. The items below give a short description of the current issues and how they may affect our forecast long term:

I. Property tax collections are the second largest revenue source for the school system. The housing market in our district is stable and growing. We project continued growth in appraised values every three (3) years and new construction growth with continued modest increases in local taxes as the pandemic ends and the economy continues

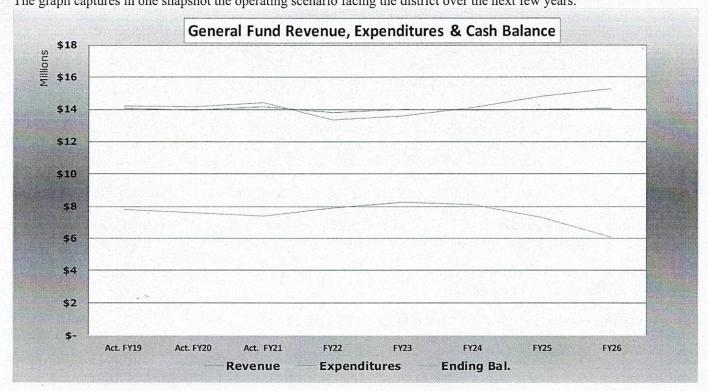
its recovery as anticipated. Total local revenues which are predominately local taxes equate to 29% of the district's resources. Our tax collections in the March and August 2021 settlements did not fall due to higher delinquencies as anticipated due to the brief rise in unemployment due to the pandemic in 2020. Longer term we believe there is a low risk that local collections would fall below projections throughout the forecast.

- II. Clinton County, which comprises 70% of the district, experienced a triennial update in the 2020 tax year to be collected in 2021. The 2020 update decreased overall assessed values by \$3.8 million or a decrease of 2.2%. Highland County, which comprises 30% of the district, will be experiencing a triennial update in the 2021 tax year to be collected in 2022. We are estimating that the update will increase values by \$2.3 million or 5%. Clinton County will experience a reappraisal in tax year 2023 to be collected in 2024, which is estimated to increase overall values by \$4.9 million or 2.8%. Highland County is not expected to have material changes to their Class I and Class II values during the next reappraisal in tax year 2024. There is, however, always a minor risk that the district could sustain a reduction in values in the next appraisal update but we do not anticipate that at this time.
- III. The state budget represents 71% of district revenues, which means it is a significant area of risk to revenue. The future risk comes in FY24 and beyond if the state economy stalls or worsens and the fair school funding plan is not funded in future state budgets or if an economic downturn results in a reduction in state aid. There are two future State Biennium Budgets covering the period from FY24-25 and FY26-27 in this forecast. Future uncertainty in both the state foundation funding formula and the state's economy makes this area an elevated risk to district funding long range through FY26. We have projected our state funding to be in line with the FY23 funding levels through FY26, which we feel is conservative and should be close to whatever the state approves for the FY24-27 biennium budgets. We will adjust the forecast in future years as we have data to help guide this decision.
- HB110, the current state budget implements what has been referred to as the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP) for IV. FY22 and FY23. The actual release of the new Fair School Funding Plan formula has been delayed until December which is beyond the filing deadline of this forecast. We have projected FY22 and FY23 funding to be in line with the June 28, 2021 Legislative Service Commission estimates for our district. The FSFP has many significant changes to the way foundation revenues are calculated for school districts and how expenses are charged off. State foundation basic aid will be calculated on a base cost methodology with funding paid to the district where a student is enrolled to be educated. There will be no separate open enrollment revenue payments to school districts beginning in FY22. There will also be direct funding to the district where students are educated for expenses previously deducted from districts state foundation funding for open enrollment, community schools, STEM schools and scholarship recipients. The initial impact on the forecast will be that the historic actual costs for FY19 through FY21 on the forecast will potentially reflect different trends on Lines 1.035, 1.04, 1.06 and 3.03 beginning in FY22. Longer term there may be some adjustments for FY22 and FY23 in state aid as the Ohio Department of Education resolves issues and possible unintended consequences as they create and implement the numerous changes to the complicated new formula. Our state aid projections have been based on the best information on the new HB110 formula as calculated by the Ohio Department of Education.
- V. HB110 direct pays costs associated with open enrollment, community and STEM schools, and for all scholarships including EdChoice Scholarships. These costs will no longer be deducted from our state aid. However, there still are education option programs such as College Credit Plus which continue to be deducted from state aid which will increase costs to the district. Expansion or creation of programs that are not directly paid by the state of Ohio can exposes the district to new expenditures that are not currently in the forecast. We are monitoring closely any new threats to our state aid and increased costs as any new proposed laws are introduced in the legislature.

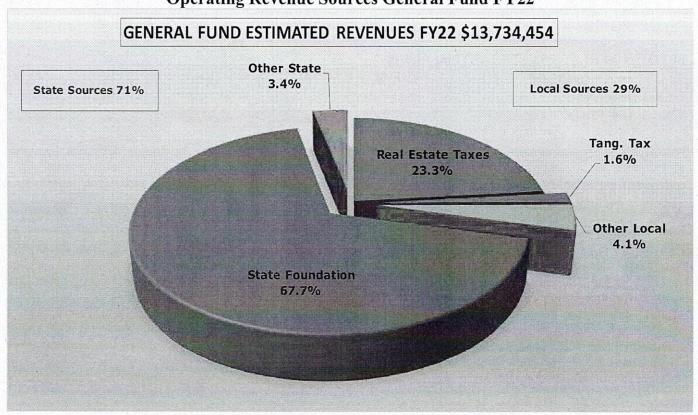
Labor relations in our district have been amicable with all parties working for the best interest of students and realizing the resource challenges we face. We believe as we move forward our positive working relationship will continue and will only grow stronger.

The major lines of reference for the forecast are noted below in the headings to make it easier to relate the assumptions made for the forecast item and refer back to the forecast. It should be of assistance to the reader to review the assumptions noted below in understanding the overall financial forecast for our district. If you would like further information, please feel free to contact Mr. John Stanley, Treasurer/CFO of East Clinton Local School District.

General Fund Revenue, Expenditures and Ending Cash Balance Actual FY19-21 and Estimated FY22-26 The graph captures in one snapshot the operating scenario facing the district over the next few years.



Revenue Assumptions
Operating Revenue Sources General Fund FY22



#### Real Estate Value Assumptions - Line #1.010

Property Values are established each year by the County Auditor based on new construction, demolitions, BOR/BTA activity and complete reappraisal or updated values. Clinton County, which comprises 70% of the district, experienced a triennial update for the 2020 tax year to be collected in 2021. Residential/agricultural values decreased 2.38% or \$3.7 million. Highland county, which comprises 30% of the district, experienced a reappraisal in tax year 2018 to be collected in 2019. Residential/agricultural values decreased by 0.11% or \$167 thousand. The district has a small portion of its tax base located in Fayette County which accounts for .0024% of the total Class 1 values.

For tax year 2020 new construction in residential property was up 0.11% or \$175 thousand in assessed value and commercial/industrial values saw no new increases. Over all values declined \$3.8 million or 2.2%, which includes new construction for all classes of property. We anticipate new construction in residential/agricultural will increase \$500 thousand and commercial/industrial new construction will increase \$100 thousand each year of the forecast.

In Highland County, a triennial update will occur in 2021 for collection in 2022 for which we are estimating an increase of \$2.3 million or 5% in residential. At this time, we are not anticipating an increase in commercial/industrial property. In Clinton County, a reappraisal will occur in 2023 for collection in 2024 for which we are estimating an increase of \$4.9 million or 2.8% in residential and commercial/industrial property.

Public Utility Personal Property (PUPP) values remained constant in tax year 2020. We expect our values to continue to grow by \$1 million each year of the forecast.

# ESTIMATED ASSESSED VALUE (AV) BY COLLECTION YEAR

ESTIMATED ASSESSED VALUE (A	V) BY COLLEC	TION YEAR									
	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated	Estimated						
	TAX YEAR2021	TAX YEAR2022	TAX YEAR2023	TAX YEAR2024	TAX YEAR 2025						
Classification	COLLECT 2022	COLLECT 2023	COLLECT 2024	COLLECT 2025	COLLECT 2026						
Res./Ag.	\$156,376,518	\$157,076,518	\$162,488,814	\$163,188,814	\$163,888,814						
Comm./Ind.	12,981,310	13,081,310	13,377,530	13,477,530	13,577,530						
Public Utility Personal Property (PUPP)	8,084,200	9,084,200	10,084,200	11,084,200	12,084,200						
Total Assessed Value	\$177,442,028	<u>\$179,242,028</u>	<u>\$185,950,543</u>	<u>\$187,750,543</u>	<u>\$189,550,543</u>						
ESTIMATED REAL ESTATE TAX (Line #1.010)											
Source	<u>FY22</u>	<u>FY23</u>	<u>FY24</u>	<u>FY25</u>	<u>FY26</u>						
Est. Real Estate Taxes	\$3,197,878	\$3,231,577	\$3,254,882	\$3,274,022	\$3,286,041						
Total Line #1.01 Real Estate Taxes	\$3,197,878	\$3,231,577	\$3,254,882	\$3,274,022	<u>\$3,286,041</u>						

Property tax levies are estimated to be collected at 99% of the annual amount. This allows 1% delinquency factor. In general, 51.7% of the Res/Ag and Comm/Ind property taxes are expected to be collected in the February tax settlement and 48.3% collected in the August tax settlement. Collections in FY21 were up \$57 thousand due to additional delinquent taxes collected in the first half and second half tax settlements, which are expected to return to normal in FY22 and beyond. Public Utility tax settlements (PUPP taxes) are estimated to be received 50% in February and 50% in August settlement from the County Auditor and are noted in Line #1.02 totals below.

New Tax Levies - Line #13.030 - No new levies are modeled in this forecast.

#### Estimated Public Utility Personal Property Tax (PUPP) - Line #1.020

Amounts noted below are public utility tangible personal property (PUPP) tax payments from public utilities. The values for PUPP are noted on the table above under P.U. Personal, which were \$7 million in assessed values in 2020 and are collected at the district's gross voted millage rate. Collections are typically 50% in February and 50% in August along with the real estate settlements from the county auditor. The values in 2020 remained constant but are expected to grow by \$1 million each year of the forecast.

Source	FY22	<u>FY23</u>	<u>FY24</u>	FY25	FY26
Public Utility Personal Property	\$220,058	\$253,234	\$282,734	\$312,234	\$341,734
Total PUPP Tax Line #1.020	<u>\$220,058</u>	\$253,234	<u>\$282,734</u>	\$312,234	\$341,734

#### State Foundation Revenue Estimates - Lines #1.035, 1.040 and 1.045

#### Current State Funding Model per HB110 through June 30, 2023

#### A) Unrestricted State Foundation Revenue-Line #1.035

The actual release of the new Fair School Funding Plan formula has been delayed until December which is beyond the filing deadline of this forecast. We have projected FY22 and FY23 funding to be in line with the June 28, 2021 Legislative Service Commission estimates for our district.

The amounts estimated for state funding are based on HB110, referred to as the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP). The state foundation funding formula has gone through many changes in recent years. The most recent funding formula began in FY14 and was dropped in FY19 after six (6) years, followed by no foundation formula for two (2) years in FY20 and FY21, and now HB110 implements the newest and possibly the most complicated funding formula in recent years for FY22 and FY23. HB110, the current formula, introduces many changes to how state foundation is calculated and expenses deducted from state funding which will potentially make the actual five year forecast look different with estimates FY22 through FY26 compared to actual data FY19 through FY21 on Lines 1.035, 1.04, 1.06 and 3.03 of the forecast.

#### Overview of Key Factors that Influence State Basic Aid in the Fair School Funding Plan

- A. Student Population and Demographics
- B. Property Valuation
- C. Personal Income of District Residents
- D. Historical Funding- CAPS and Guarantees from prior funding formulas

#### Base Cost Approach- Unrestricted Basic Aid Foundation Funding

The new funding formula uses FY18 statewide average district costs and developed a base cost approach that includes minimum service levels and student teacher ratios to calculate a unique base cost for each district that includes base funding for five (5) areas:

- 1. Teacher Base Cost (4 subcomponents)
- 2. Student Support (7 subcomponents-including a restricted Student Wellness component)
- 3. District Leadership & Accountability (7 subcomponents)
- 4. Building Leadership & Operations (3 subcomponents)
- 5. Athletic Co-curricular (contingent on participation)

#### State Share Percentage - Unrestricted Basic Aid Foundation Funding

Once the base cost is calculated, which is estimated to be as high as \$7,202 per pupil when fully phased in, the FSFP calculates a state share percentage (SSP) calculation. The state share percentage in concept will be higher for districts with less capacity (lower local wealth) and be a lower state share percentage for districts with more capacity (higher local wealth). The higher the district's ability to raise taxes based on local wealth the lower the state share percentage. The state share percentage will be based on 60% property valuation of the district, 20% on federally adjusted gross income and 20% on federal median income, as follows:

- 1. 60% based on most recent three (3) year average assessed values or the most recent year, whichever is lower divided by base students enrolled.
- 2. 20% based on most recent three (3) year average federal adjusted gross income of district residents or the most recent year, whichever is lower divided by base students enrolled
- 3. 20% based on most recent year federal median income of district residents multiplied by number of returns in that year divided by base students enrolled
- 4. When the weighted values are calculated and Items 1. through 3. above added together, the total is then multiplied by a Local Share Multiplier Index from ranging from 0% for low wealth districts to a maximum of 2.5% for wealthy districts.

When the unrestricted base cost is determined and multiplied by the state share percentage, the resulting amount is multiplied by the current year enrolled students (including open enrolled students being educated in each district), and finally multiplied by the local share multiplier index for each district. The result is the local per pupil capacity amount of the base per pupil funding amount. The balance of this amount is the state share to pay.

#### Categorical State Aid

In addition to the base state foundation funding calculated above, the FSFP also has unrestricted categorical funding and new restricted funding beginning in FY22, some of which will have the state share percentage applied to these calculations as noted below:

#### Unrestricted Categorical State Aid

- 1. <u>Targeted Assistance/Capacity Aid</u> Provides additional funding based on a wealth measure using 60% weighted on property value and 40% on income. Uses current year enrolled average daily membership (ADM). Also will provide supplemental targeted assistance to lower wealth districts whose enrolled ADM is less than 88% of their total FY19 ADM.
- 2. Special Education Additional Aid Based on six (6) weighted funding categories of disability and moved to a weighted funding amount and not a specific amount. An amount of 10% will be reduced from all districts' calculation to be used toward the state appropriation for Catastrophic Cost reimbursement.
- 3. <u>Transportation Aid</u> Funding based on all resident students who ride including preschool students and those living within 1 mile of school. Provides supplemental transportation for low density districts. Increases state minimum share to 29.17% in FY22 and 33.33% in FY23.

#### Restricted Categorical State Aid

- 1. <u>Disadvantage Pupil Impact Aid (DPIA)</u> Formerly Economically Disadvantaged Funding, DPIA is based on number and concentration of economically disadvantaged students compared to state average and multiplied by \$422 per pupil. Phase in increases are limited to 0% for FY22 and 14% in FY23.
- 2. <u>English Learners</u> Based on funded categories based on time student enrolled in schools and multiplied by a weighted amount per pupil.
- 3. Gifted Funds -Based on average daily membership multiplied by a weighted amount per pupil.
- 4. <u>Career-Technical Education Funds</u> Based on career technical average daily membership and five (5) weighted funding categories students enrolled in.
- 5. <u>Student Wellness & Success Funding</u> Moved into DPIA funding, is restricted funding and will be spent on same initiatives and requirements that were previously designated under the stand alone fund.

#### State Funding Phase-In FY22 and FY23 and Guarantees

HB110 provides funding for FY22 and FY23. While the FSFP was presented as a six (6) year phase-in plan, the state legislature only approved the first two (2) years of the funding plan. The FSFP does not include caps on funding, rather it will include a general phase-in percentage for most components in the amount of 16.67% in FY22 and 33.33% in FY23. DPIA funding will be phased in 0% in FY22 and 14% in FY23. Transportation categorical funds will not be subject to a phase in.

HB110 includes "formula transition aid" which is a guarantee. There are actually three (3) guarantees in both temporary and permanent law to ensure that no district will get less funds in FY22 than they received in FY21. The guarantee level of funding for FY22 is a calculated funding guarantee level based on full state funding cuts from May 2020 restored, net of transfers and deductions, plus Student Wellness and Success funds (based on FY21 SWSF amounts), enrollment growth supplement funds paid in FY21 and special education preschool and special education transportation additional aid items.

#### Student Wellness and Success (Restricted Fund 467)

In FY20 and FY21, HB166 provided Student Wellness and Success Funds (SWSF) to be deposited in a Special Revenue Fund 467. HB110, the new state budget, has essentially eliminated these funds by merging them into state aid and wrapped into the expanded funding and mission of DPIA funds noted above and on Line 1.04 below. Any remaining funds in Special Revenue Fund 467 will be required to be used for the restricted purposes governing these funds until spent fully.

#### **Future State Budgets Projections Beyond FY23**

Our funding status for the FY24-26 will depend on two (2) new state budgets which are unknown. There is no guarantee that the current Fair School Funding Plan in HB110 will be funded or continued beyond FY23. For this reason funding is held constant FY23 through FY26.

#### Casino Revenue

On November 3, 2009 Ohio voters passed the Ohio casino ballot issue. This issue allowed for the opening of four (4) casinos one each in Cleveland, Toledo, Columbus and Cincinnati. Thirty-three percent (33%) of the gross casino revenue will be collected as a tax. School districts will receive 34% of the 33% GCR that will be paid into a student fund at the state level. These funds will be distributed to school districts on the 31st of January and August each year which began for the first time on January 31, 2013.

Casino revenue fell slightly in FY21 due to COVID-19 and Casinos closing for a little over two months. We have increased the amount in FY22 back to pre-pandemic FY20 levels as Casino revenues appear to have dipped largely due to their closure and not in response to the economic downturn. Prior to COVID-19 closure, casino revenues were growing modestly as the economy improved. Original projections for FY22-26 estimated a .4% decline in pupils to 1,778,441 and GCR increasing to \$106.35 million or \$59.80 per pupil. We believe FY22 Casino revenues will resume their historical growth rate.

Source	<u>FY22</u>	<u>FY23</u>	FY24	<u>FY25</u>	<u>FY26</u>
Basic Aid-Unrestricted	\$8,714,386	\$8,727,754	\$8,727,754	\$8,727,754	\$8,727,754
Additional Aid Items	<u>197,103</u>	197,103	197,103	197,103	197,103
Basic Aid-Unrestricted Subtotal	\$8,911,489	\$8,924,857	\$8,924,857	\$8,924,857	\$8,924,857
Ohio Casino Commission ODT/Catastrophic	<u>159,920</u>	161,803	163,728	165,695	167,719
Total Unrestricted State Aid Line #1.035	<u>\$9,071,409</u>	\$9,086,660	\$9,088,585	<u>\$9,090,552</u>	\$9,092,576

#### B) Restricted State Foundation Revenue - Line #1.035

HB110 has continued Disadvantaged Pupil Impact Aid (formerly Economic Disadvantaged funding) and Career Technical funding. In addition, there have been new restricted funds added as noted above under "Restricted Categorical Aid" for Gifted, English Learners (ESL) and Student Wellness. The amount of DPIA is limited to 0% phase in growth for FY22 and 14% in FY23. At this time we do not have the actual distribution of restricted revenue in HB110 which is anticipated to be released in December, after this submission. We will update this allocation with the May submission.

<u>Source</u>	<u>FY22</u>	<u>FY23</u>	<u>FY24</u>	<u>FY25</u>	<u>FY26</u>
DPIA	\$170,803	\$170,803	\$170,803	\$170,803	\$170,803
Career Tech - Restricted	49,183	49,183	49,183	49,183	49,183
Gifted	0	0	0	0	0
ESL	0	0	0	0	0
Total Restricted State Revenues Line #1.040	<u>\$219,986</u>	<u>\$219,986</u>	<u>\$219,986</u>	<u>\$219,986</u>	<u>\$219,986</u>

#### C) Restricted Federal Grants in Aid - Line #1.045

No federal unrestricted grants are projected FY22-26.

1.0 10 10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
SUMMARY	<u>FY22</u>	FY23	FY24	FY25	<u>FY26</u>
Unrestricted Line #1.035	\$9,071,409	\$9,086,660	\$9,088,585	\$9,090,552	\$9,092,576
Restricted Line #1.040	219,986	219,986	219,986	219,986	219,986
Rest. Federal Funds #1.045	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total State Foundation Revenue	<u>\$9,291,395</u>	<u>\$9,306,646</u>	<u>\$9,308,571</u>	<u>\$9,310,538</u>	\$9,312,562

#### State Taxes Reimbursement/Property Tax Allocation

#### a) Rollback and Homestead Reimbursement

Rollback funds are reimbursements paid to the district from Ohio for tax credits given owner occupied residences equaling 12.5% of the gross property taxes charged residential taxpayers on tax levies passed prior to September 29, 2013. HB59

eliminated the 10% and 2.5% rollback on new levies approved after September 29, 2013 which is the effective date of HB59. HB66, the FY06-07 budget bill, previously eliminated 10% rollback on Class II (commercial and industrial) property.

Homestead Exemptions are credits paid to the district from the state of Ohio for qualified elderly and disabled. In 2007, HB119 expanded the Homestead Exemption for all seniors 65 years of age or older or who are disabled regardless of income. Effective September 29, 2013, HB59 changed the requirement for Homestead Exemptions. Individual taxpayers who do not currently have their Homestead Exemption approved or those who do not get a new application approved for tax year 2013, and who become eligible thereafter will only receive a Homestead Exemption if they meet the income qualifications. Taxpayers who had their Homestead Exemption as of September 29, 2013 will not lose it going forward and will not have to meet the new income qualification. This will generally reduce homestead reimbursements to the district over time, and as with the rollback reimbursements above, the state is increasing the tax burden on our local taxpayers.

#### Summary of State Tax Reimbursement - Line #1.050

<u>Source</u>	<u>FY22</u>	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
Rollback and Homestead	\$465,832	\$467,214	\$470,183	\$473,134	\$474,702
Total Tax Reimbursements #1.050	<u>\$465,832</u>	<u>\$467,214</u>	\$470,183	<u>\$473,134</u>	<u>\$474,702</u>

#### Other Local Revenues - Line #1.060

All other local revenue encompasses any type of revenue that does not fit into the above lines. The main sources of revenue in this area have been open enrollment, tuition for court placed students, student fees, and general rental fees. HB110, the new state budget, will stop paying open enrollment as an increase to other revenue for the district. This is projected below as zeros to help show the difference between projected FY22-26 Line 1.06 revenues and historical FY19 through FY21 revenues on the five year forecast. Open enrolled students will be counted in the enrolled student base at the school district they are being educated at and state aid will follow the students. Open enrolled student revenues will be included in Line 1.035 as state basic aid. In FY21 interest income fell sharply due to fed rate reductions due to the pandemic which will impact our earning capability in this area until rates begin to increase. Rentals are expected to remain somewhat lower due to COVID-19 restrictions and lower participation. We received a Bureau of Workers Compensation refund in FY21 and do not expect to receive a refund in FY22. These revenues are inconsistent year to year and we will not project that occurring in the remainder of the forecast. All other revenues are expected to continue on historic trends.

FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26		
\$209,283	\$209,283	\$209,283	\$209,283	\$209,283		
0	0	0	0	0		
34,097	34,097	34,097	34,097	34,097		
61,282	61,282	61,282	61,282	61,282		
37,103	37,103	37,103	37,103	37,103		
43,957	43,957	43,957	43,957	43,957		
173,569	173,569	173,569	173,569	173,569		
<u>\$559,291</u>	\$559,291	\$559,291	<u>\$559,291</u>	\$559,291		
	\$209,283 0 34,097 61,282 37,103 43,957 173,569	\$209,283 0 0 34,097 34,097 61,282 61,282 37,103 37,103 43,957 43,957 173,569 173,569	\$209,283 \$209,283 \$209,283 0 0 0 34,097 34,097 34,097 61,282 61,282 61,282 37,103 37,103 37,103 43,957 43,957 43,957 173,569 173,569 173,569	\$209,283 \$209,283 \$209,283 \$209,283 0 0 0 0 0 34,097 34,097 34,097 34,097 61,282 61,282 61,282 61,282 37,103 37,103 37,103 37,103 43,957 43,957 43,957 43,957 173,569 173,569 173,569		

#### Short-Term Borrowing - Lines #2.010 & Line #2.020

There is no short term borrowing projected in this forecast.

#### Transfers In / Return of Advances - Line #2.040 & Line #2.050

These are non-operating revenues which are the repayment of short term loans to other funds over the previous fiscal year and reimbursements for expenses received for a previous fiscal year in the current fiscal year. At this time, the district is not anticipating to receive transfers or advances in.

#### All Other Financial Sources - Line #2.060 & Line #14.010

This funding source is typically a refund of prior year expenditures that is very unpredictable We received several Bureau of Workers Compensation refunds over the past two years and do not expect to receive a refund in FY22. These revenues are inconsistent year to year and we will not project that occurring in the remainder of the forecast. In FY23, the district is

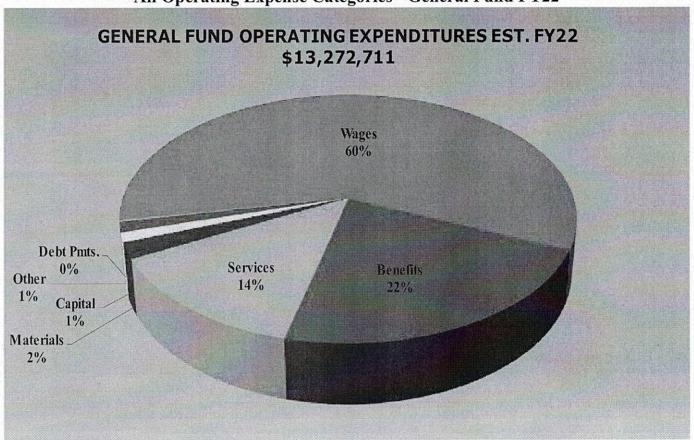
expected to receive \$102 thousand from an e-rate reimbursement related to a Category Two project, which is expected to be completed in FY22.

<u>Source</u>	<u>FY22</u>	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
Refund of prior years expenditures	\$75,789	\$178,689	\$75,789	\$75,789	\$75,789

# **Expenditures Assumptions**

The district's leadership team is always looking at ways to improve the education of the students whether it be with changes in staffing, curriculum, or new technology needs. As the administration of the district reviews expenditures, the education of the students is always the main focus for resource utilization.

All Operating Expense Categories - General Fund FY22



#### Wages - Line #3.010

Negotiations with bargaining unit members resulted in an agreement to include base increases of 2.0% for FY22, including step increases. For planning purposes a 2% base increase is planned FY23 through FY26. We are anticipating Student Wellness and Success Funds will return to the General Fund, but are waiting on the implications of HB110 to forecast this change. In FY21, the district utilized ESSER funding to reduce General Fund wages by \$2 million. FY22 will see \$2 million of these wages return to the General Fund and an additional \$150 thousand will return in FY25.

Source	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
Base Wages	\$5,370,399	\$7,580,289	\$7,834,377	\$8,132,220	\$8,590,466
Based Pay Increase	107,408	151,606	156,688	162,644	171,809
Steps & Academic Training	93,982	93,982	132,655	137,102	142,314
Growth Staff (ESSER Return)	2,000,000	0	0	150,000	0
New Building Staff	0	0	0	0	0
Substitutes/OT	44,196	44,196	44,196	44,196	44,196
Supplementals	255,685	260,799	266,015	271,335	276,762
Severance	0	0	0	0	0
Board of Education	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500	8,500
Other Adjustments/Reductions	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Wages Line #3.010	<u>\$7,880,170</u>	<u>\$8,139,372</u>	<u>\$8,442,431</u>	<u>\$8,905,997</u>	\$9,234,047

#### Fringe Benefits Estimates Line 3.02

This area of the forecast captures all costs associated with benefits and retirement costs.

#### A) STRS/SERS

The district pays 14% of each dollar paid in wages to either the State Teachers Retirement System or the School Employees Retirement System as required by Ohio law. The district is required to pay SERS Surcharge which is an additional employer charge based on the salaries of lower-paid members. It is exclusively used to fund health care.

#### B) Insurance

The district is a member of the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council for insurance coverage. We are estimating an increase of 7% for FY22, and 7% in FY23-26, which reflects trend. This is based on our current employee census and claims data.

The Further Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2020, included a full repeal of three taxes originally imposed by the Affordable Care Act (ACA): the 40% Excise Tax on employer-sponsored coverage (a.k.a. "Cadillac Tax"), the Health Insurance Industry Fee (a.k.a. the Health Insurer Tax), and the Medical Device Tax. These added costs are no longer an uncertainty factor for our health care costs in the forecast.

#### C) Workers Compensation & Unemployment Compensation

Workers Compensation is expected to be approximately 0.49% of wages FY22-26. Unemployment is expected to remain at a very low level FY22-26. The district is a direct reimbursement employer, which means unemployment costs are only incurred and due if we have employees who are eligible and draw unemployment.

#### D) Medicare

Medicare will continue to increase at the rate of increases in wages and as new employees are hired. Contributions are 1.45% for all new employees to the district on or after April 1, 1986. These amounts are growing at the general growth rate of wages.

#### Summary of Fringe Benefits - Line #3.02

Source	<u>FY22</u>	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
A) STRS/SERS	\$1,217,520	\$1,256,981	\$1,303,891	\$1,375,716	\$1,426,438
B) Insurance's	1,573,315	1,683,447	1,801,288	1,927,378	2,062,294
C) Workers Comp/Unemployment	37,400	38,540	39,874	41,913	43,357
D) Medicare	114,263	118,021	122,414	129,136	133,894
Other/Tuition/Annuities	<u>6,615</u>	<u>6,615</u>	<u>6,615</u>	6,615	<u>6,615</u>
Total Fringe Benefits Line #3.020	<u>\$2,949,113</u>	<u>\$3,103,604</u>	\$3,274,082	<u>\$3,480,758</u>	\$3,672,598

#### Purchased Services - Line #3.030

HB110, the new state budget, will impact Purchased Services beginning in FY22 as the Ohio Department of Education will begin to direct pay these costs to the educating districts for open enrollment, community and STEM schools, and for scholarships granted students to be educated elsewhere, as opposed to deducting these amounts from our state foundation funding and shown below as expenses. We have continued to show these amounts below as zeros to help reflect the difference between projected FY22-26 Line 3.03 costs and historical FY19 through FY21 costs on the five year forecast. College Credit Pus, excess costs and other tuition costs will continue to draw funds away from the district, which will continue in this area and have been adjusted based on historical trend.

<u>Source</u>	FY22	FY23	<u>FY24</u>	FY25	FY26
Professional & Technical Services, ESC	\$835,570	\$835,570	\$835,570	\$835,570	\$835,570
Maintenance, Insurance & Garbage Removal	157,338	157,338	157,338	157,338	157,338
Professional Development	11,174	11,174	11,174	11,174	11,174
Communications, Postage, & Telephone	27,285	27,285	27,285	27,285	27,285
Utilities	177,646	182,975	188,464	194,118	199,942
Tuition, Excess Costs & Scholarship Costs	508,415	508,415	508,415	508,415	508,415
Open Enrollment & Community School Costs	0	0	0	0	0
College Credit Plus	73,373	73,373	73,373	73,373	73,373
Miscellaneous Purchased Services	<u>1,077</u>	1,077	1,077	1,077	1,077
Total Purchased Services Line #3.030	\$1,791,878	<u>\$1,797,207</u>	\$1,802,696	\$1,808,350	\$1,814,174

#### Supplies and Materials - Line #3.040

Expenses which are characterized by curricular supplies, testing supplies, copy paper, maintenance and custodial supplies, materials, and bus fuel.

Source	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
General Office Supplies & Materials	\$133,012	\$138,332	\$143,865	\$149,620	\$155,605
Textbooks & Instructional Supplies	12,921	13,438	13,976	14,535	15,116
Facility Supplies & Materials	50,065	52,068	54,151	56,317	58,570
Transportation Fuel & Supplies	81,580	84,843	88,237	91,766	95,437
Other adjustments SWSF, CARES, Etc.	<u>936</u>	<u>973</u>	1,012	1,052	1,094
Total Supplies Line #3.040	<u>\$278,514</u>	<u>\$289,654</u>	<u>\$301,241</u>	\$313,290	\$325,822

#### Equipment - Line #3.050

The District does not anticipate costs increasing significantly in this line because most capital outlay is paid by the Permanent Improvement Fund. In FY22, the district is anticipating completing a \$147 thousand Category Two E-Rate project.

Source	<u>FY22</u>	<u>FY23</u>	<u>FY24</u>	<u>FY25</u>	FY26
Capital Outlay & Maintenance	\$157,046	\$10,046	\$10,046	\$10,046	\$10,046
Total Equipment Line #3.050	<u>\$157,046</u>	<u>\$10,046</u>	<u>\$10,046</u>	<u>\$10,046</u>	<u>\$10,046</u>

#### Principal and Interest Payment - Lines # 4.05 and 4.06

This section is made up of payments for HB264 debt payments, which will be completed in FY25.

Source	<u>FY22</u>	<u>FY23</u>	<u>FY24</u>	<u>FY25</u>	FY26
HB 264 Principal Line #4.050	<u>\$40,000</u>	<u>\$40,000</u>	\$45,000	<u>\$45,000</u>	<u>\$0</u>

#### Other Expenses - Line #4.300

The category of Other Expenses consists primarily of Auditor & Treasurer fees, our annual audit and other miscellaneous expenses.

Source	<u>FY22</u>	FY23	FY24	<u>FY25</u>	FY26
County Auditor & Treasurer Fees	\$93,491	\$94,426	\$95,370	\$96,324	\$97,287
ESC Deduction	22,925	22,925	22,925	22,925	22,925
Annual Audit Costs	21,443	21,443	21,443	21,443	21,443
Dues, Fees & other Expenses	<u>36,181</u>	36,181	36,181	36,181	<u>36,181</u>
Total Other Expenses Line #4.300	<u>\$174,040</u>	<u>\$174,975</u>	\$175,919	<u>\$176,873</u>	<u>\$177,836</u>

#### Transfers Out/Advances Out - Line #5.010

This account group covers fund to fund transfer and end of year short term loans from the General Fund to other funds until they have received reimbursements and can repay the General Fund. The district is projecting to make a \$50,000 transfer to a termination benefits fund in order to make severance payments and a \$10,000 transfer to the athletic fund.

<u>Source</u>	<u>FY22</u>	<u>FY23</u>	<u>FY24</u>	<u>FY25</u>	FY26
Operating Transfers Out Line #5.010	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000
Advances Out Line #5.020	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Transfer & Advances Out	<u>\$60,000</u>	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$60,000

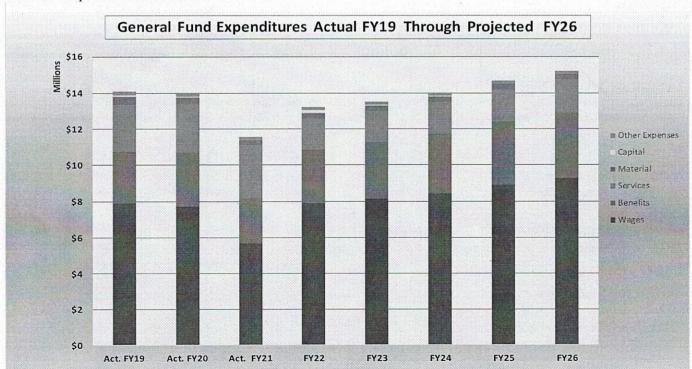
#### Encumbrances - Line #8.010

These are outstanding purchase orders that have not been approved for payment as the goods were not received in the fiscal year in which they were ordered.

	<u>FY22</u>	<u>FY23</u>	<u>FY24</u>	<u>FY25</u>	<u>FY26</u>	
Estimated Encumbrances Line #8.010	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	

### Operating Expenditures Actual FY19 through FY21 and Estimated FY22-26

As the following graph indicates, we have been diligent at reducing costs in reaction to lower and flat state revenues in the past. We are maintaining control over our expenses while balancing student academic needs to enable them to excel and do well on state performance standards.



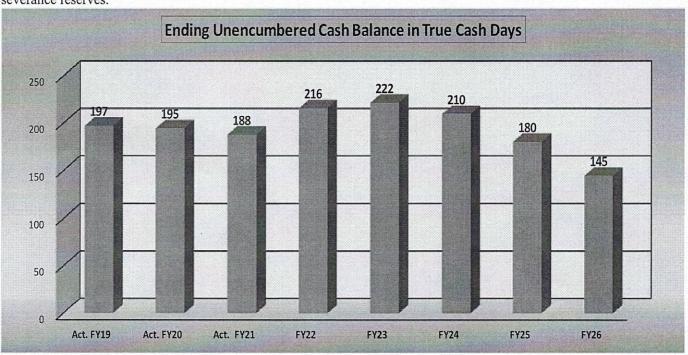
# Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance - Line#15.010

This amount must not go below \$0 or the district General Fund will violate all Ohio Budgetary Laws. Any multi-year contract which is knowingly signed which results in a negative unencumbered cash balance is a violation of 5705.412, ORC punishable by personal liability of \$10,000. It is recommended by the GFOA and other authoritative sources that a district maintains a minimum of sixty (60) day cash balance, which is approximately \$2.2 million for our district.

	<u>FY22</u>	<u>FY23</u>	<u>FY24</u>	FY25	<u>FY26</u>
Ending Unreserved Cash Balance Line #15.01	\$7,886,193	\$8,266,556	\$8,105,713	\$7,310,114	\$6,065,710

#### True Cash Days Ending Balance

Another way to look at ending cash is to state it in 'True Cash Days'. In other words, how many days could the district operate at year end if no additional revenues were received. This is the Current Years Ending Cash Balance divided by (Current Years Expenditures/365 days) = number of days the district could operate without additional resources or a severe resource interruption. The Government Finance Officers Association recommends no less than two (2) months or 60 days cash is on hand at year end but could be more depending on each districts complexity and risk factors for revenue collection. This is calculated including transfers as this is a predictable funding source for other funds such as capital, athletics and severance reserves.



#### WILMINGTON CITY SCHOOLS

		WILMI	NGTON (	CITY SCI	HOOL	_S	E	Ballo 12.	t t	newa	と
	For the	ule of Revenue ne Fiscal Years recasted Fiscal	es, Expenditur s Ended June al Years Endin	res and Chan e 30, 2019, 20	020 and 20	2021 Actual;			add	dune	,e
		Fiscal Year	Actual Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Average	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year 2025	Fiscal Year	will
	Revenues	2019	2020	2021	Change	2022	2023	2024	2025	2020	color 5
1.020	General Property Tax (Real Estate) Tangible Personal Property Tax		\$10,156.936	\$10,649,923	2.7%		\$11.244,856	\$11,357,305	\$11,470.878	\$11,585,586	wer w
1.030 1.035 1.040	Income Tax Unrestricted State Grants-in-Aid Restricted State Grants-in-Aid Restricted Federal Grants-in-Aid - SFSF	4,578.596 11,929.490 514.378	4,829.592 11,354.200 506.290	4,739.904 11,677.026 509.949	1.8% -1.0% -0.4%	4,600,000 11,430,392 495,000	1,147,260 11,500,000 495,000	11,500,000 495,000	11.500,000 495,000	11,500,000 495,000	mille
1.050 1.060	Property Tax Allocation All Other Revenues	1,012.796 1,507,519 29,636,330	1,017,158 1,521,972 29,386,148	1,050.098 1,447,656 30,074,556	1.8% -2.0% 0.7%	1,050,250 1,454,040 30,163,203	1.050,250 1,500,000 26,937,366	1,050,250 1,500,000 25,902,555	1,050,250 1,500,000 26,016,128	1,050,250 1,500,000 26,130,836	will collects
2.010	Other Financing Sources		850	27							
2.050	) Advances-In	70,766	145,698	30,056 434,707	152.1%	244.142 100,500	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	
2.070	Total Other Financing Sources	70,766	145,698 146,548 29,532,696	464,763 30,539,319	162.1%	344,642 30,507,845	50,000 26,987,366	50,000 25,952,555	50,000 26,066,128	50,000 26,180,836	
3.020	Expenditures  Personal Services  Employees' Retirement/insurance Benefits  Purchased Services  Supplies and Materials  Capital Outlay	15.252,189 5,644,401 4,846,122 756.506 610,890	15,609,676 6,001,611 4,837,749 707,322 759,370	15.117,321 6,115,686 5,020,811 601,672 821,064		15,950,105 6,435,061 5,543,038 1,566,394 846,927	16,386,029 6,516,443 5,020,800 819,775 855,396	16,877,610 6,679,354 5,071,008 827,972 863,950	17,383.938 6,846,338 5,121,718 836,252 872,590	17.731,616 7,017,496 5,172,935 844,615 881,316	
3.050 3.060 4.010 4.020 4.030	O Capital Outlay Intergovernmental Debt Service: Principal-All (Historical Only) Principal-Notes Principal-State Loans	47.000	41.200	40,000	-7.6%						
4.040 4.050 4.055 4.060 4.300 4.500	Principal-State Advancements Principal-HB 264 Loans Principal-Other Interest and Fiscal Charges Other Objects	140,000 12,540 482,670 27,792,318	145,000 9.833 914,694 29,026,455	145,000 7,078 988,730 28,857,362	-24.8% 48.8%	150,000 4,275 913,966 31,409,766	150,000 1,425 29,749,868	30,319,894	31,060,836	31,647,977	
5.010 5.020	Other Financing Uses Operating Transfers-Out Advances-Out	7,203	150,000 30,056	102,803 236,939							
5.040	Total Other Financing Uses	7,203 27,799,521	180,056 29.206,511	339,742 29,197,104		31,409,766	29,749,868	30,319,894	31,060,836	31,647,977	
	Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over	1,907,575	29,206,511 326,185	1,342,215		901,921-		enterelle			
7.010	(under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses  Cash Balance July 1 - Excluding Proposed Renewal/Replacement and New Levies	1,907,575	13,641,335	1,342,215					7,277,972	2,283,265	
7.02			13,967,520				11,645,312				
		13,641,335 350,619	13,967,520 487,494	15,309,735 368,608			350,000	Average and the	350,000	350,000	
9.010 9.020 9.030 9.040 9.045 9.050 9.060 9.070 9.080	Capital Improvements     Budget Reserve     DPIA     Fiscal Stabilization     Debt Service     Property Tax Advances     Bus Purchases	330,010									
10.010		13,290,716	13,480,026	14,941,127	6.1%	14,057,814	11,295,312	6,927,972	1,933,265	3,533,877-	-
	Revenue from Replacement/Renewal Levies  Income Tax - Renewal  Property Tax - Renewal or Replacement						3,452,740	4,600,000	4,600,000	4,600,000	
11.30	00 Cumulative Balance of Replacement/Renewal Levies						3,452,740	8,052,740	12,652,740	17,252,740	1
2.010	10 Fund Balance June 30 for Certification of Contracts, Salary Schedules and Other Obligations	13,290,716	13,480,026	14,941,127	6.1%	14,057,814	14,748,052	14,980,712	14,586,005	13,718,863	
13.020	Revenue from New Levies  10 Income Tax - New  20 Property Tax - New										
	30 Cumulative Balance of New Levies			1 1 1 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						GARLEN INC.	4
	10 Revenue from Future State Advancements 10 Unreserved Fund Balance June 30	13,290,716	13,480,026	14,941,127	6.1%	6 14,057,814	14,748,052	14,980,712	14,586,005	13,718,863	4
20.010 20.015 21.010 21.020 21.030 21.040	ADM Forecasts  Kindergarten - October Count Grades 1-12 - October Count State Fiscal Stabilization Funds Personal Services SFSF Employees Retirement/Insurance Benefits SFSF Unchased Services SFSF Supplies and Materials SFSF Capital Outlay SFSF Capital Outlay SFSF										

# Blanchester

Clinton
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019, 2020 and 2021 Actual;
Forecasted Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2022 Through 2026

		recasted Fisca		ig June 30, 20	J22 I nrou I I	gn 2026	ed kettern egeren		(1) 10 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	
编进编数数	Approved 11/15/2021	Fiscal Year	Actual Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Average	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Forecasted Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
P. Balley	为这个方式。 第一个方式是一个方式是一个方式是一个方式是一个方式是一个方式是一个方式是一个方式是	2019	2020	2021	Change	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
1.020	Revenues General Property Tax (Real Estate) Tangible Personal Property Tax	\$3,075,113	\$3,100,702	\$3,305,804	3.7%	\$3,420,804	\$3,445,804	\$3,320,702	\$3,520,702	\$3,520,702
1.030 1.035 1.040	Income Tax Unrestricted State Grants-in-Aid Restricted State Grants-in-Aid	10,943,001 313,698	10,699,661 253,716	10,813,431 350,824	-0.6% 9.6%	10,943,001 274,419	10,943,001 285,396	10,286,421 296,811	10,286,421 308,684	10,286,421 308,684
1.045	Restricted Federal Grants-in-Aid - SFSF				24 6.52					
1.050	Property Tax Allocation All Other Revenues	426,427 1,646,146	429,151 1,566,000	448,227 1,300,842	2.5% -10.9%	437,777 1,597,476	442,154 1,613,451	446,576 1,629,585	435,000 1,645,882	435,000 1,645,882
	Total Revenues	16,404,385	16,049,230	16,219,128	-0.6%	16,673,477	16,729,806	15,980,095	16,196,689	16,196,689
2.010	Other Financing Sources Proceeds from Sale of Notes State Emergency Loans and Advancements (Approved)									
	Operating Transfers-In Advances-In	158,566	1,000,000 225,634	605,526	105.3%					
2.060	All Other Financing Sources Total Other Financing Sources	4,482 163,048	1,225,634	605,526	300.6%		metal States		grande to the first	religion (resp.)
2.080		16,567,433	17,274,864	16,824,654	0.8%	16,673,477	16,729,806	15,980,095	16,196,689	16,196,689
	Expenditures									
3.010	Personal Services Employees' Retirement/Insurance Benefits	7,880,379 4,609,746	7,687,917 4,721,535	7,816,336 4,370,460	-0.4% -2.5%	7,414,050 4,988,156	7,636,472 5,594,073	7,836,472 6,209,836	8,036,472 7,192,236	8,036,472 7,192,236
3.030	Purchased Services	3,175,651	2,744,202	2,756,512	-6.6%	2,506,942	2,757,637	2,970,637	3,119,637	3,119,637
3.040	Supplies and Materials Capital Outlay	388,592 443,483	352,134 510,141	252,656 243,622	-18.8% -18.6%	275,000 350,000	247,500 350,000	275,000 350,000	285,000 350,000	285,000 350,000
	Intergovernmental Debt Service:	110,100	0.0,	210,022	10.0%	000,000	500,000	000,000	000,000	
4.010	Principal-All (Historical Only) Principal-Notes	155,000	34,999	155,000	132.7%	155,000	155,000	155,000	170,000	175,000
4.030 4.040 4.050	Principal-State Loans Principal-State Advancements Principal-HB 264 Loans									
4.055	Principal-Other	22 222	454 774	20.000	407.00/	22.000	20,000	20.000	42.000	42.000
4.060	Interest and Fiscal Charges Other Objects	33,323 193,391	151,774 206,775	30,068 150,423	137.6% -10.2%	33,000 210,895	36,000 205,000	39,000 151,000	42,000 210,000	42,000 210,000
4.500		16,879,565	16,409,477	15,775,077	-3.3%	15,933,043	16,981,682	17,986,945	19,405,345	19,410,345
5.010	Other Financing Uses Operating Transfers-Out	78,992	1,154,362	72,523	633.8%	72,523	78,000	75,000	72,000	72,000
5.020	Advances-Out	138,733	300,852	988,327	172.7%	138,000	138,000	138,000	138,000	138,000
5.030	All Other Financing Uses Total Other Financing Uses	217,725	1,455,214	1,060,850	270.6%	210,523	216,000	213,000	210,000	210,000
5.050	Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	17,097,290	17,864,691	16,835,927	-0.6%	16,143,566	17,197,682	18,199,945	19,615,345	19,620,345
6.010	Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	529,857-	589,827-	11,273-	-43.4%	529,911	467,876-	2,219,850-	3,418,656-	3,423,656-
7.010	Cash Balance July 1 - Excluding Proposed Renewal/Replacement and New Levies	3,796,911	3,267,054	2,677,227	-16.0%	2,665,954	3,195,865	2,727,990	508,140	2,910,516-
7.020	Cash Balance June 30	3,267,054	2,677,227	2,665,954	-9.2%	3,195,865	2,727,990	508,140	2,910,516-	6,334,172-
8.010	Estimated Encumbrances June 30	713,389	426,411	673,570	8.9%	650,000	650,000	650,000	425,000	425,000
9.010 9.020 9.030	Reservation of Fund Balance Textbooks and Instructional Materials Capital Improvements Budget Reserve									
9.040 9.045	DPIĀ Fiscal Stabilization									
9.050	Debt Service Property Tax Advances									
9.070 9.080	Bus Purchases Subtotal									
10.010	Fund Balance June 30 for Certification of Appropriations	2,553,665	2,250,816	1,992,384	-11.7%	2,545,865	2,077,990	141,860-	3,335,516-	6,759,172-
11.010	Revenue from Replacement/Renewal Levies Income Tax - Renewal Property Tax - Renewal or Replacement									
	Cumulative Balance of Replacement/Renewal Levies									
	Fund Balance June 30 for Certification of Contracts, Salary Schedules and Other Obligations	2,553,665	2,250,816	1,992,384	-11.7%	2,545,865	2,077,990	141,860-	3,335,516-	6,759,172-
13.010 13.020	이 사람들이 마다 내가 있었다. 이 사람들이 되었다면 하는데 그렇게 되었다. 그렇지 않는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하									
13.030	Cumulative Balance of New Levies	MARIE IN		E STANFAST	2000年5年	1964 Blood St. 125	Herry grays			40.560
14.010	Revenue from Future State Advancements									
	Unreserved Fund Balance June 30	2,553,665	2,250,816	1,992,384	-11.7%	2,545,865	2,077,990	141,860-	3,335,516-	6,759,172-
20.015	ADM Forecasts Kindergarten - October Count Grades 1-12 - October Count State Fiscal Stabilization Funds Personal Services SFSF									
21.020 21.030 21.040 21.050	Employees Retirement/Insurance Benefits SFSF Purchased Services SFSF Supplies and Materials SFSF Capital Outlay SFSF									
	Total Expenditures - SFSF				Portion of	And Table States		5,000,7000		

See accompanying summary of significant forecast assumptions and accounting policies
Includes: General fund, Emergency Levy fund, DPIA fund, Textbook fund and any portion of Debt Service fund related to General fund debt